

Synthesis of hydrophilic and lipophilic 4-arylcoumarin phosphates

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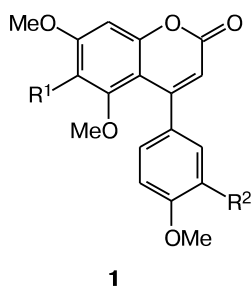
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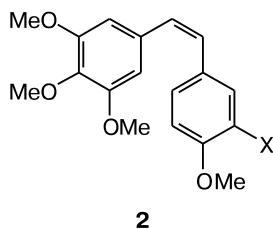
Novel hydrophilic and lipophilic prodrugs, sodium 4-arylcoumarin dialkylphosphates and 4-arylcoumarin dioleoyl phosphates, were synthesized by phosphorylation of 4-arylcoumarins with dialkylphosphites.

Key words: 4-arylcoumarins, water soluble prodrugs, lipophilic prodrugs, phosphorylation.

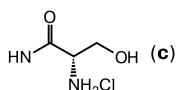
Natural¹ and synthetic² 4-arylcoumarins **1** possess high level of antitumor activity, *e.g.*, suppress mitotic spindle formation in the tumor cells thus inhibiting tubulin polymerization.³ Two non-coplanar *syn* aryl moieties **A** and **B** linked by rigid C—C bond make structure of these derivatives similar to combretastatin A-4 (CA-4) **2a**, *cis*-stilbene separated from African plant *Combretum cafrum*, which exhibited significant antimitotic activity.⁴ Low water solubility of 4-arylcoumarins **1** and CA-4 makes difficult their evaluation *in vivo*. Conversion of CA-4 and its analogs into water soluble prodrug forms⁵ (**2b**) and amino acid derivatives⁶ (**2c**) improve their pharmacokinetic profile, namely, make it possible to reach higher concentration of the therapeutic agent in blood, decrease the dose levels and, therefore, decrease its general toxicity.⁷ Currently, fosbretabulin **2b** and ombrabulin **2c** are in phase III clinical trials.⁸



R¹, R² = H, OH, OMe



X = OH (**a**), OP(O)(ONa)₂ (**b**),



A serious drawback of CA-4 derivatives is that they are prone to *Z,E*-isomerization during storage and use, which significantly decrease antitumor activity.^{4,9} This encourage us to synthesize a number of novel water soluble non-isomerizable neoflavonoid analogs of CA-4 phosphate derivatives, compounds **3** (Scheme 1).

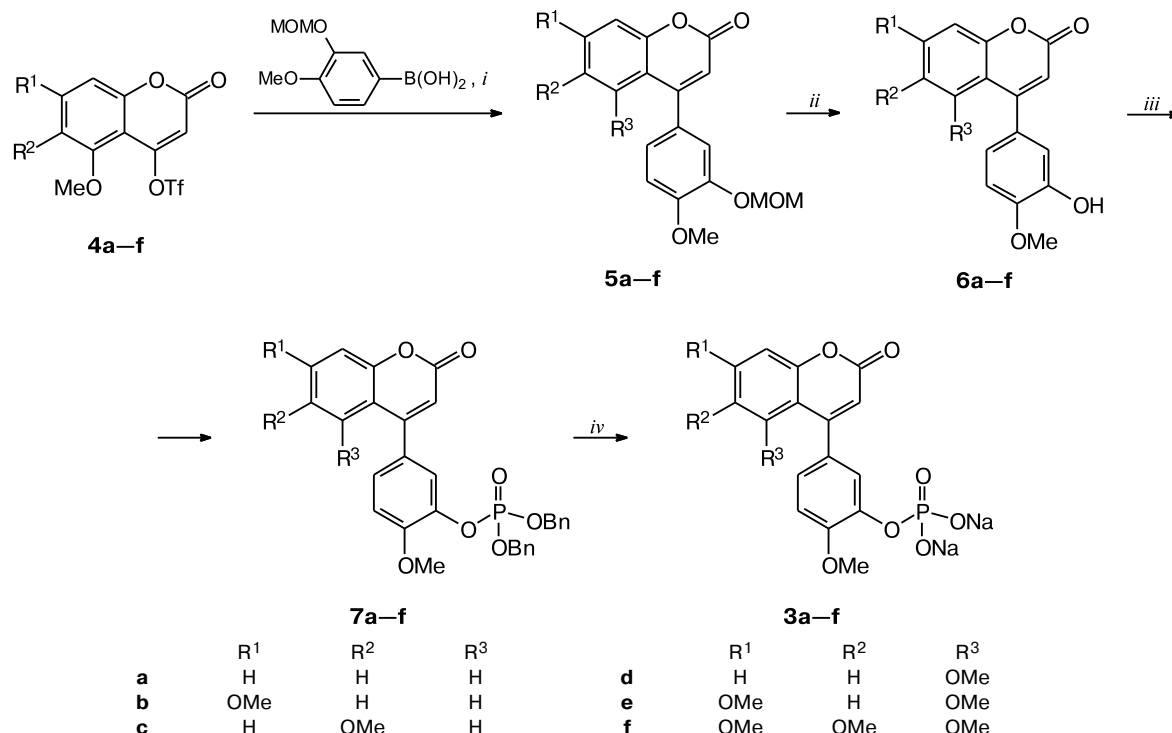
The key step in the synthesis of 4-arylcoumarins **3** is Suzuki—Miyaura cross-coupling reaction¹⁰ of coumarin triflates **4a—f** (see Ref. 11) with 3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenylboronic acid bearing the methoxymethyl protecting group (see Scheme 1). Application of catalytic system Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (0.05 equiv.)—K₃PO₄ (3.0 equiv.)—Bu₄NBr (0.1 equiv.) (see Ref. 12) serves for the synthesis of target 4-arylcoumarins **5a—f** in high yields (58–95%) regardless of the number and position of the methoxy groups in the coumarin framework (see Scheme 1).

The methoxymethyl (MOM) protecting groups in compounds **5a—f** were cleaved by acid hydrolysis in acetone at 40 °C. Derivatives **6a—f** were obtained in 81–94% yields (see Scheme 1). Phosphorylation¹³ of compounds **6a—f** by dibenzyl phosphite resulted in dibenzyl phosphates **7a—f** in good yields (59–81%). Debenzylation¹⁴ of the latter by subsequent treatment with Me₃SiBr and MeONa afforded target products **3a—f** in 54–89% yields.

It is of note that water soluble prodrugs **3a—f** upon enzymatic dephosphorylation¹⁵ in the cells can form 4-arylcoumarins **6a—f** exhibiting marked antitumor activity.^{2a,b}

Along with hydrophilic coumarins **3a—f**, we synthesized lipophilic phosphate derivatives of 4-arylcoumarins, compounds **8a,d,f**, by the reaction of **6a,d,f** with dioleoyl

Cxema 1

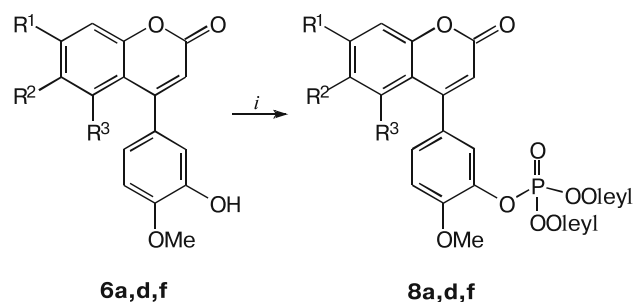


Reagents and conditions: *i.* Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (0.05 equiv.), K₃PO₄ (3.0 equiv.), Bu₄NBr (0.1 equiv.), MeCN, 3 h, 80 °C; *ii.* HCl, acetone, 0.2–0.5 h, 40 °C; *iii.* (BnO)₂P(O)H (1.7 equiv.), MeCN–CCl₄ (1 : 1), DIPEA (2.1 equiv.), DMAP (0.1 equiv.), 1 h, –10 °C; *iv.* 1) Me₃SiBr (6 equiv.), CH₂Cl₂, 1 h, 20 °C; 2) MeONa (2 equiv.), MeOH, 0.5 h, 25 °C.

phosphite¹⁶ (Scheme 2). Lipophilic compounds **8a,d,f** were isolated in the yields of 61–69%.

Currently, hydrophilic (**3a–f**) and hydrophobic (**8a,d,f**) prodrug forms of 4-aryl coumarins are in evaluation of *in vitro* cytotoxicity.

Scheme 2



Oleyl is Me(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₈

Reagents and conditions: *i.* (OleylO)₂P(O)H, CCl₄–MeCN–CHCl₃ (1 : 1 : 1), DIPEA (7 equiv.), DMAP (0.3 equiv.), 2 h, –10 °C.

Lipid prodrugs **8** can effectively be inserted into the lipid bilayer of targeted therapeutic liposome transport systems,¹⁷ which could increase selectivity of therapeutic effect and reduce general toxicity¹⁸ of 4-aryl coumarins **6**.

Experimental

¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker ARX 400 in CDCl₃ at 400 and 101 MHz, respectively. The chemical shifts are given in the δ scale relative to Me₄Si. All commercially available reagents (Aldrich, Alfa Aesar) were used as purchased. The solvents were purified prior to use according to the standard procedures. Petroleum ether with b.p. 40–70 °C was used. 4-Arylcoumarin trifluoromethanesulfonates **4a–f** were synthesized by the known procedure.¹⁹

Compounds 5a–f (general procedure). A solution of coumarin 4-trifluoromethanesulfonate **4** (1 equiv.), arylboronic acid (1.3 equiv.), K₃PO₄ (3 equiv.), Bu₄NBr (0.1 equiv.), and Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (0.05 equiv.) in MeCN (1 mL per 0.086 mmol of compound **4**) was stirred at 80 °C for 3 h under argon. The solvent was removed *in vacuo*, purification of the residue by silica gel column chromatography yielded the target product.

4-(3'-Methoxymethoxymethyl-4'-methoxyphenyl)chromen-2-one (5a) was synthesized from coumarin 4-trifluoromethanesulfonate (121 mg, 0.41 mmol), 3-methoxymethoxymethyl-4-methoxyphenylboronic acid (112 mg, 0.53 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (17 mg, 0.021 mmol), K₃PO₄ (261 mg, 1.23 mmol), and Bu₄NBr

(13 mg, 0.041 mmol). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (3 : 2) afforded compound **5a** in a yield of 111 mg (86%), light yellow crystals, m.p. 142 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 3.52, 3.96 (both s, 3 H each, OCH₃); 5.26 (s, 2 H, CH₂); 6.36 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 7.02 (d, 1 H, H(5'), J = 8.4 Hz); 7.12 (dd, 1 H, H(6'), J = 8.4 Hz, J = 2.0 Hz); 7.23 (m, 2 H, H(2'), H(6)); 7.39 (d, 1 H, H(8), J = 7.6 Hz); 7.55 (m, 2 H, H(5), H(7)). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 56.0, 56.3, 95.6, 111.8, 114.7, 116.9, 117.3, 119.0, 122.9, 124.0, 126.9, 127.7, 131.8, 146.5, 151.0, 154.2, 155.0, 160.8.

4-(3'-Methoxymethoxymethyl-4'-methoxyphenyl)-7-methoxychromen-2-one (5b) was synthesized from 7-methoxycoumarin 4-trifluoromethanesulfonate (**4b**) (133 mg, 0.41 mmol), 3-methoxymethoxymethyl-4-methoxyphenylboronic acid (112 mg, 0.53 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (17 mg, 0.021 mmol), K₃PO₄ (261 mg, 1.23 mmol), and Bu₄NBr (13 mg, 0.041 mmol). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (3 : 2) afforded compound **5b** in a yield of 121 mg (86%), light yellow crystals, m.p. 135 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 3.53, 3.89, 3.96 (all s, 3 H each, OCH₃); 5.26 (s, 2 H, OCH₂O); 6.21 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 6.81 (dd, 1 H, H(6), J = 8.9 Hz, J = 2.4 Hz); 6.89 (d, 1 H, H(8), J = 2.4 Hz); 7.02 (d, 1 H, H(5'), J = 8.3 Hz); 7.11 (dd, 1 H, H(6'), J = 8.3 Hz, J = 1.5 Hz); 7.27 (d, 1 H, H(2'), J = 1.5 Hz); 7.48 (d, 1 H, H(5), J = 8.9 Hz). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 55.94, 56.20, 56.50, 95.78, 101.25, 111.67, 111.93, 112.44, 112.75, 117.05, 123.03, 128.12, 128.30, 135.37, 143.21, 151.16, 156.24, 161.60, 162.88.

4-(3'-Methoxymethoxymethyl-4'-methoxyphenyl)-6-methoxychromen-2-one (5c) was synthesized from 6-methoxycoumarin 4-trifluoromethanesulfonate (**4c**) (133 mg, 0.41 mmol), 3-methoxymethoxymethyl-4-methoxyphenylboronic acid (112 mg, 0.53 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (17 mg, 0.021 mmol), K₃PO₄ (261 mg, 1.23 mmol), and Bu₄NBr (13 mg, 0.041 mmol). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (3 : 2) afforded compound **5c** in a yield of 81 mg (58%), light yellow crystals, m.p. 155 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 3.52, 3.76, 3.97 (all s, 3 H each, OCH₃); 5.27 (s, 2 H, OCH₂O); 6.37 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 7.04 (d, 1 H, H(5'), J = 11.0 Hz); 7.05 (s, 1 H, H(5)); 7.09—7.16 (m, 2 H, H(7), H(8)); 7.30 (d, 1 H, H(2'), J = 1.8 Hz); 7.33 (d, 1 H, H(6'), J = 9.0 Hz). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 55.8, 56.0, 56.3, 95.6, 101.1, 111.8, 113.6, 116.9, 117.1, 122.9, 128.1, 128.4, 135.4, 139.6, 143.0, 144.2, 150.9, 156.1, 162.7.

4-(3'-Methoxymethoxymethyl-4'-methoxyphenyl)-5-methoxychromen-2-one (5d) was synthesized from 5-methoxycoumarin 4-trifluoromethanesulfonate (**4d**) (133 mg, 0.41 mmol), 3-methoxymethoxymethyl-4-methoxyphenylboronic acid (112 mg, 0.53 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (17 mg, 0.021 mmol), K₃PO₄ (261 mg, 1.23 mmol), Bu₄NBr (13 mg, 0.041 mmol). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (3 : 2) afforded compound **5d** in a yield of 111 mg (79%), light yellow crystals, m.p. 150 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 3.51, 3.54, 3.94 (all s, 3 H each, OCH₃); 5.22 (s, 2 H, OCH₂O); 6.18 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 6.69 (d, 1 H, H(6), J = 8.3 Hz); 6.91 (d, 1 H, H(5'), J = 8.3 Hz); 6.96 (dd, 1 H, H(6'), J = 8.3 Hz, J = 1.3 Hz); 7.02 (d, 1 H, H(8), J = 8.3 Hz); 7.10 (d, 1 H, H(2'), J = 1.3 Hz); 7.46 (t, 1 H, H(7), J = 8.3 Hz). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 55.72, 56.09, 56.37, 95.78, 106.78, 109.42, 110.16, 110.77, 116.16, 116.55, 121.53, 132.38, 132.55, 145.58, 150.02, 154.96, 155.65, 157.46, 160.70.

4-(3'-Methoxymethoxymethyl-4'-methoxyphenyl)-5,7-dimethoxychromen-2-one (5e) was synthesized from 5,7-dimethoxycoumarin 4-trifluoromethanesulfonate (**4e**) (209 mg, 0.59 mmol), 3-methoxymethoxymethyl-4-methoxyphenylboronic acid (163 mg, 0.77 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (24 mg, 0.03 mmol), K₃PO₄ (375 mg,

1.77 mmol), and Bu₄NBr (19 mg, 0.059 mmol). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (3 : 2) afforded compound **5e** in a yield of 209 mg (95%), light yellow crystals, m.p. 135 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 3.51 (s, 6 H, OCH₃); 3.87, 3.93 (both s, 3 H each, OMe); 5.21 (s, 2 H, CH₂); 6.01 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 6.25 (d, 1 H, H(6), J = 2.2 Hz); 6.52 (d, 1 H, H(8), J = 2.2 Hz); 6.92 (m, 2 H, H(5'), H(6')); 7.09 (d, 1 H, H(2'), J = 1.6 Hz). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 55.5, 55.7, 55.9, 56.2, 93.6, 95.6, 95.8, 103.5, 110.6, 112.7, 116.6, 121.4, 132.5, 145.4, 150.0, 155.1, 157.2, 158.2, 160.9, 163.3.

4-(3'-Methoxymethoxymethyl-4'-methoxyphenyl)-5,6,7-trimethoxychromen-2-one (5f) was synthesized from 5,6,7-trimethoxycoumarin 4-trifluoromethanesulfonate (**4f**) (100 mg, 0.26 mmol), 3-methoxymethoxymethyl-4-methoxyphenylboronic acid (72 mg, 0.34 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (11 mg, 0.013 mmol), K₃PO₄ (165 mg, 0.78 mmol), and Bu₄NBr (8 mg, 0.026 mmol). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (1 : 1) afforded compound **5f** in a yield of 86 mg (82%), light yellow crystals, m.p. 141 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 3.32, 3.49, 3.79, 3.93, 3.93 (all s, 3 H each, OCH₃); 5.23 (s, 2 H, OCH₂O); 6.07 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 6.71 (s, 1 H, H(8)); 6.92 (d, 1 H, H(5'), J = 8.3 Hz); 6.98 (dd, 1 H, H(6'), J = 8.3 Hz, J = 2.0 Hz); 7.16 (d, 1 H, H(2'), J = 2.0 Hz). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 56.08, 56.30, 56.40, 61.21, 61.26, 95.78, 96.40, 107.41, 110.77, 114.20, 116.48, 121.64, 131.67, 139.63, 145.56, 149.88, 151.28, 151.88, 155.00, 156.90, 160.89.

Compounds 6a–f (general procedure). To a solution of coumarin **5** in acetone (3 mL of acetone per 0.45 mmol of **5**), conc. HCl (10 drops per 0.15 mmol of **5**) was added dropwise over a period of 30 min at 40 °C. The solvent was removed *in vacuo*, the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, the organic layer was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (three times). The organic layer was separated and dried with anhyd. Na₂SO₄. The product was purified by silica gel column chromatography. The NMR spectra of compounds **6a–f** are in agreement with that published earlier.²⁰

4-(3'-Hydroxy-4'-methoxy)chromen-2-one (6a) was synthesized from compound **5a** (94 mg, 0.3 mmol), acetone (2 mL), and conc. HCl (20 drops). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (1 : 1) afforded compound **6a** in a yield of 76 mg (94%), light yellow crystals, m.p. 193 °C.

4-(3'-Hydroxy-4'-methoxy)-7-methoxychromen-2-one (6b) was synthesized from compound **5b** (103 mg, 0.3 mmol), acetone (2 mL), and conc. HCl (20 drops). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (1 : 1) afforded compound **6b** in a yield of 72 mg (81%), light yellow crystals, m.p. 173 °C.

4-(3'-Hydroxy-4'-methoxy)-6-methoxychromen-2-one (6c) was synthesized from compound **5c** (68 mg, 0.2 mmol), acetone (1.5 mL), and conc. HCl (15 drops). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (1 : 1) afforded compound **6c** in a yield of 49 mg (83%), light yellow crystals, m.p. 167 °C.

4-(3'-Hydroxy-4'-methoxy)-5-methoxychromen-2-one (6d) was synthesized from compound **5d** (103 mg, 0.3 mmol), acetone (2 mL), and conc. HCl (20 drops). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (1 : 1) afforded compound **6d** in a yield of 73 mg (82%), light yellow crystals, m.p. 180 °C.

4-(3'-Hydroxy-4'-methoxy)-5,7-dimethoxychromen-2-one (6e) was synthesized from compound **5e** (112 mg, 0.3 mmol), acetone (2 mL), and conc. HCl (20 drops). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (1 : 1) afforded compound **6e** in a yield of 87 mg (88%), light yellow crystals, m.p. 148 °C.

4-(3'-Hydroxy-4'-methoxy)-5,6,7-trimethoxychromen-2-one (6f) was synthesized from compound **5f** (80 mg, 0.2 mmol), acetone (1.5 mL), and conc. HCl (15 drops). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (1 : 1) afforded compound **6f** in a yield of 65 mg (91%), light yellow crystals, m.p. 157 °C.

Compounds 7a–f (general procedure). To a solution of compound **6** (1 equiv.), DIPEA (2.1 equiv.), and DMAP (0.1 equiv.) in CH₃CN, equal volume of CCl₄ was added at –10 °C under argon. Then dibenzyl phosphite (1.7 equiv.) was slowly added by drops and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was washed with 2 M KH₂PO₄, extracted with ethyl acetate, organic layer was washed with brine, and dried with anh. Na₂SO₄. The solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The product was purified by silica gel column chromatography.

Dibenzyl[2-methoxy-5-(2-oxochromen-4-yl)phenyl]phosphate (7a) was synthesized from compound **6a** (76 mg, 0.283 mmol), dibenzyl phosphite (126 mg, 0.482 mmol), DIPEA (77 mg, 0.594 mmol), and DMAP (3.4 mg, 0.028 mmol). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (1 : 1) afforded compound **7a** in a yield of 88 mg (59%), yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 3.88 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 5.19 (dd, 4 H, OCH₂, *J* = 8.3 Hz, *J* = 3.0 Hz); 6.26 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 7.04 (d, 1 H, H(5'), *J* = 8.2 Hz); 7.25–7.15 (m, 3 H, H(7), H(8), H(2')); 7.27–7.37 (m, 10 H, Ph); 7.40 (dd, 1 H, H(6'), *J* = 8.2 Hz, *J* = 1.0 Hz); 7.48 (dd, 1 H, H(5), *J* = 8.0 Hz, *J* = 1.4 Hz); 7.54 (dt, 1 H, H(7), *J* = 8.0 Hz, *J* = 1.4 Hz). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 56.19, 70.15, 70.20, 112.95, 115.07, 117.43, 118.86, 122.02 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz); 124.36, 126.31, 126.99, 127.63, 128.07, 128.69, 128.76, 132.03, 135.53, 135.56 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz); 139.85 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz); 152.05 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz); 154.26 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz); 160.78. ³¹P NMR (CDCl₃), δ: –5.93.

Dibenzyl[2-methoxy-5-(7-methoxy-2-oxochromen-4-yl)phenyl]phosphate (7b) was synthesized from compound **6b** (72 mg, 0.242 mmol), dibenzyl phosphite (108 mg, 0.411 mmol), DIPEA (66 mg, 0.508 mmol), and DMAP (3 mg, 0.028 mmol). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (1 : 1) afforded compound **7b** in a yield of 110 mg (81%), yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 3.87, 3.88 (both s, 3 H each, OCH₃); 5.19 (dd, 2 H, OCH₂, *J* = 8.3 Hz, *J* = 2.1 Hz); 6.10 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 6.75 (dd, 1 H, H(6), *J* = 8.9 Hz, *J* = 2.1 Hz); 6.88 (d, 1 H, H(8), *J* = 2.1 Hz); 7.03 (d, 1 H, H(5'), *J* = 8.4 Hz); 7.19 (s, 1 H, H(2')); 7.22 (d, 1 H, H(6'), *J* = 8.4 Hz); 7.35–7.28 (m, 10 H, Ph); 7.37 (d, 1 H, H(5), *J* = 8.9 Hz). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 55.95, 56.21, 70.16, 70.22, 101.30, 111.79, 112.45, 112.94, 122.00 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz); 126.25, 128.00, 128.10, 128.72, 128.79, 135.61 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz); 139.84 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz); 151.98 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz); 154.42, 156.13, 161.29, 162.92. ³¹P NMR (CDCl₃), δ: –5.93.

Dibenzyl[2-methoxy-5-(6-methoxy-2-oxochromen-4-yl)phenyl]phosphate (7c) was synthesized from compound **6c** (49 mg, 0.164 mmol), dibenzyl phosphite (73 mg, 0.279 mmol), DIPEA (44 mg, 0.344 mmol), and DMAP (2 mg, 0.028 mmol). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (1 : 1) afforded compound **7c** in a yield of 57 mg (62%), yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 3.73, 3.88 (both s, 3 H each, OMe); 5.19 (dd, 4 H, OCH₂, *J* = 8.3 Hz); 6.27 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 6.95 (d, 1 H, H(5), *J* = 2.8 Hz); 7.05 (d, 1 H, H(5'), *J* = 8.4 Hz); 7.13 (dd, 1 H, H(7), *J* = 9.0 Hz, *J* = 2.8 Hz); 7.21 (s, 1 H, H(2')); 7.25 (d, 1 H, H(8), *J* = 9.0 Hz); 7.28–7.36 (m, 11 H, H(6'), Ph). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 55.94, 56.18, 70.17, 70.23, 109.37, 113.07, 115.44, 118.40, 119.23, 119.72, 121.98 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz); 126.20, 127.73, 127.74, 128.09, 128.71, 128.80, 135.58 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz); 139.88

(d, *J* = 7.1 Hz); 148.69, 152.06 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz); 153.96, 156.10, 161.01. ³¹P NMR (CDCl₃), δ: –5.92.

Dibenzyl[2-methoxy-5-(5-methoxy-2-oxochromen-4-yl)phenyl]phosphate (7d) was synthesized from compound **6d** (73 mg, 0.245 mmol), dibenzyl phosphite (109 mg, 0.417 mmol), DIPEA (66 mg, 0.515 mmol), and DMAP (3 mg, 0.025 mmol). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (1 : 1) afforded compound **7d** in a yield of 97 mg (71%), yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 3.47, 3.86 (both s, 3 H each, OCH₃); 5.18 (d, 4 H, *J* = 8.0 Hz); 6.09 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 6.64 (d, 1 H, H(6), *J* = 8.3 Hz); 6.93 (d, 1 H, H(8), *J* = 8.3 Hz); 6.98–7.04 (m, 2 H, H(5'), H(2')); 7.07 (d, 1 H, H(6'), *J* = 8.2 Hz); 7.41–7.22 (m, 10 H, Ph); 7.46 (t, 1 H, H(7), *J* = 8.3 Hz). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 55.80, 56.10, 70.01 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz); 106.73, 109.10, 109.97, 111.63, 116.17, 121.38 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz); 124.60, 128.02, 128.67, 128.70, 132.32 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz); 132.48, 135.71 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz); 138.84 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz); 150.84 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz); 154.04, 155.55, 157.39, 160.49. ³¹P NMR (CDCl₃), δ: –6.02.

Dibenzyl[2-methoxy-5-(5,7-dimethoxy-2-oxochromen-4-yl)phenyl]phosphate (7e) was synthesized from compound **6e** (87 mg, 0.265 mmol), dibenzyl phosphite (118 mg, 0.451 mmol), DIPEA (72 mg, 0.557 mmol), and DMAP (3.3 mg, 0.027 mmol). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (1 : 1) afforded compound **7e** in a yield of 105 mg (67%), yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 3.43, 3.86, 3.87 (both s, 3 H each, OMe); 5.18 (d, 4 H, OCH₂, *J* = 8.0 Hz); 5.93 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 6.19 (d, 1 H, H(6), *J* = 1.8 Hz); 6.51 (d, 1 H, H(8), *J* = 1.8 Hz); 6.92 (d, 1 H, H(5'), *J* = 8.4 Hz); 7.02 (s, 1 H, H(2')); 7.06 (d, 1 H, H(6'), *J* = 8.4 Hz); 7.22–7.40 (m, 10 H, Ph). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 55.69, 55.89, 56.09, 69.97, 70.03, 93.64, 95.82, 103.40, 111.59, 112.87, 121.44 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz); 124.63, 128.02, 128.67, 128.69, 132.41, 132.42, 135.72 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz); 138.78 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz); 150.78 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz); 154.34, 157.31, 158.31, 160.89, 163.51. ³¹P NMR (CDCl₃), δ: –6.03.

Dibenzyl[2-methoxy-5-(5,6,7-trimethoxy-2-oxochromen-4-yl)phenyl]phosphate (7f) was synthesized from compound **6f** (65 mg, 0.182 mmol), dibenzyl phosphite (82 mg, 0.309 mmol), DIPEA (49 mg, 0.382 mmol), and DMAP (2.2 mg, 0.018 mmol). Elution with ethyl acetate—petroleum ether (1 : 1) afforded compound **7f** in a yield of 74 mg (66%), yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 3.26, 3.76, 3.86, 3.94 (all s, 3 H each, OMe); 5.17 (d, 4 H, OCH₂, *J* = 8.1 Hz); 5.98 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 6.71 (s, 1 H, H(8)); 6.94 (d, 1 H, H(5'), *J* = 8.7 Hz); 7.10 (dd, 1 H, H(6'), *J* = 8.7 Hz, *J* = 0.7 Hz); 7.11 (d, 1 H, H(2'), *J* = 0.7 Hz); 7.27–7.35 (m, 10 H, Ph). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 56.13, 56.42, 61.22, 70.01, 70.07, 96.37, 107.21, 111.72, 114.38, 121.18 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz); 125.07 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz); 128.06, 128.68, 128.71, 131.49 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz); 135.72 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz); 138.81 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz); 139.58 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz); 150.78, 151.16, 151.81, 154.04, 157.02, 160.67. ³¹P NMR (CDCl₃), δ: –5.97.

Compounds 3a–f (general procedure). To a solution of coumarin dibenzyl phosphite **7** (1 equiv.) in CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL per 0.07 mmol of **7**), trimethylsilyl bromide (6 equiv.) was added over a period of 40 min. Then 25% MeONa in MeOH (2 equiv.) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min. Removal of the solvent *in vacuo* and precipitation of the resulted crystals with acetone from a solution in water resulted in pure product.

Disodium [2-methoxy-5-(2-oxochromen-4-yl)phenyl]phosphate (3a) was synthesized from compound **7a** (56 mg, 0.106 mmol), trimethylsilyl bromide (97 mg, 0.636 mmol), and 25% MeONa

in MeOH (48 μ L) in a yield of 23 mg (54%), colorless crystals, m.p. 156 °C. ^1H NMR (MeOD), δ : 3.93 (s, 3 H, OMe); 6.45 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 7.13 (s, 2 H, H(5'), H(8)); 7.32 (t, 1 H, H(6), $J = 7.7$ Hz); 7.39 (d, 1 H, H(6'), $J = 8.2$ Hz); 7.60 (t, 1 H, H(7), $J = 7.7$ Hz); 7.70–7.89 (m, 2 H, H(2'), H(5)). ^{13}C NMR (MeOD), δ : 56.59 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz); 113.29, 115.00 (d, $J = 3.5$ Hz); 117.97, 120.25, 121.96 (d, $J = 2.5$ Hz); 123.90, 125.68, 128.58, 128.80, 133.13, 145.16 (d, $J = 6.2$ Hz); 153.37 (d, $J = 5.9$ Hz); 155.41, 157.73, 163.06. ^{31}P NMR (MeOD), δ : –0.82.

Disodium [2-methoxy-5-(7-methoxy-2-oxochromen-4-yl)-phenyl]phosphate (3b) was synthesized from compound **7b** (76 mg, 0.136 mmol), trimethylsilyl bromide (125 mg, 0.816 mmol), and 25% MeONa in MeOH (62 μ L) in a yield of 51 mg (88%), colorless crystals, m.p. 195 °C (decomp.). ^1H NMR (MeOD), δ : 3.86, 3.90 (both s, 3 H each, OMe); 6.29 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 6.89–6.91 (m, 2 H, H(6), H(8)); 7.03 (d, 1 H, H(5'), $J = 8.3$ Hz); 7.07 (d, 1 H, H(6'), $J = 8.3$ Hz); 7.68 (d, 1 H, H(5), $J = 8.6$ Hz); 7.87 (s, 1 H, H(2')). ^{13}C NMR (MeOD), δ : 56.41 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz); 56.59 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz); 101.99, 111.58 (d, $J = 4.4$ Hz); 112.76, 113.52, 113.81, 121.30, 122.81, 129.13, 126.30, 130.04 (d, $J = 2.2$ Hz); 145.96 (d, $J = 5.3$ Hz); 152.78 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz); 157.22, 158.37, 163.76, 164.49. ^{31}P NMR (MeOD), δ : 1.77.

Disodium [2-methoxy-5-(6-methoxy-2-oxochromen-4-yl)-phenyl]phosphate (3c) was synthesized from compound **7c** (55 mg, 0.098 mmol), trimethylsilyl bromide (90 mg, 0.588 mmol), and 25% MeONa in MeOH (45 μ L) in a yield of 33 mg (80%), colorless crystals, m.p. 195 °C (decomp.). ^1H NMR (MeOD), δ : 3.74, 3.91 (both s, 3 H each, OMe); 6.47 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 7.04–7.09 (m, 2 H, H(5'), H(8)); 7.17 (s, 2 H, H(7), H(5)); 7.30 (d, 1 H, H(6'), $J = 9.6$ Hz); 7.89 (s, 1 H, H(2')). ^{13}C NMR (MeOD), δ : 56.35 (d, $J = 3.3$ Hz); 56.59 (d, $J = 3.3$ Hz); 110.96, 112.77, 115.44 (d, $J = 1.5$ Hz); 119.00, 120.69, 120.82, 121.32, 122.72, 128.79, 146.20 (d, $J = 5.4$ Hz); 149.70, 152.89 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz); 157.64, 157.82, 163.41. ^{31}P NMR (MeOD), δ : 1.75.

Disodium [2-methoxy-5-(5-methoxy-2-oxochromen-4-yl)-phenyl]phosphate (3d) was synthesized from compound **7d** (50 mg, 0.089 mmol), trimethylsilyl bromide (82 mg, 0.534 mmol), and 25% MeONa in MeOH (41 μ L) in a yield of 32 mg (86%), colorless crystals, m.p. 201 °C (decomp.). ^1H NMR (MeOD), δ : 3.46, 3.81 (both s, 3 H each, OMe); 6.39 (d, 1 H, H(6'), $J = 8.7$ Hz); 6.44 (d, 1 H, H(6), $J = 8.3$ Hz); 6.58 (d, 1 H, H(8), $J = 8.3$ Hz); 6.67–6.77 (m, 2 H, H(3), H(5')); 7.11 (t, 1 H, H(7), $J = 8.3$ Hz); 7.87 (s, 1 H, H(2')). ^{13}C NMR (MeOD), δ : 56.04 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz); 56.45 (d, $J = 9.3$ Hz); 104.28 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz); 111.69, 113.00, 118.60 (d, $J = 3.7$ Hz); 120.52, 121.51 (d, $J = 1.7$ Hz); 127.61, 129.70, 136.85, 139.78, 144.94 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz); 150.87 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz); 158.00, 159.97, 177.11. ^{31}P NMR (MeOD), δ : 2.06.

Disodium [2-methoxy-5-(5,7-dimethoxy-2-oxochromen-4-yl)phenyl]phosphate (3e) was synthesized from compound **7e** (48 mg, 0.081 mmol), trimethylsilyl bromide (74 mg, 0.486 mmol), and 25% MeONa in MeOH (37 μ L) in a yield of 29 mg (79%), colorless crystals, m.p. 257 °C (decomp.). ^1H NMR (MeOD), δ : 3.44, 3.75, 3.81 (all s, 3 H each, OMe); 5.98 (s, 1 H, H(6)); 6.13 (s, 1 H, H(8)); 6.47 (d, 1 H, H(5'), $J = 8.4$ Hz); 6.66 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 6.72 (d, 1 H, H(6'), $J = 8.4$ Hz); 7.84 (s, 1 H, H(2')). ^{13}C NMR (MeOD), δ : 55.53 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz); 56.01 (d, $J = 5.1$ Hz); 56.50 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz); 91.30, 98.03–97.84 (m); 111.79, 113.20, 118.64, 121.70, 127.31, 137.33, 140.29, 144.90 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz); 150.81 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz); 160.52, 162.22, 177.32. ^{31}P NMR (MeOD), δ : 2.19.

Disodium [2-methoxy-5-(5,6,7-trimethoxy-2-oxochromen-4-yl)phenyl]phosphate (3f) was synthesized from compound **7f** (70 mg, 0.113 mmol), trimethylsilyl bromide (104 mg, 0.678 mmol), and 25% MeONa in MeOH (52 μ L) in a yield of 48 mg (89%), colorless crystals, m.p. 187 °C (decomp.). ^1H NMR (MeOD), δ : 3.40, 3.66 (both s, 3 H each, OMe); 3.82 (s, 6 H, OMe); 6.37 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 6.50 (dd, 1 H, H(6'), $J = 8.5$ Hz, $J = 1.8$ Hz); 6.66 (s, 1 H, H(8)); 6.77 (d, 1 H, H(5'), $J = 8.5$ Hz); 7.80 (d, 1 H, H(2'), $J = 1.8$ Hz). ^{13}C NMR (MeOD), δ : 56.20, 56.27, 61.19, 61.25, 100.13 (d, $J = 5.0$ Hz); 111.85, 117.91, 118.34, 119.13, 121.89, 127.76, 137.64, 140.12, 145.09 (d, $J = 5.0$ Hz); 151.07 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz); 153.21, 154.71, 161.46, 177.05. ^{31}P NMR (MeOD), δ : 2.20.

Diethyl phosphite. To a stirred solution of oleyl alcohol (2.001 g, 7.5 mmol) and pyridine (0.395 g, 5 mmol, distilled prior to use) in CH_2Cl_2 , PCl_3 (0.343 g, 2.5 mmol) was added dropwise at 0–5 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1.5 h with slow warming up to ambient temperature. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was washed with 2 *M* KH_2PO_4 and extracted with ethyl acetate, the organic layer was washed with brine, and dried with anhydrous Na_2SO_4 . The solvent was removed *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by column chromatography (silica gel, elution with diethyl ether–petroleum ether, 1 : 1) afforded diethyl phosphite in a yield of 1.02 g (70%), transparent oil. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3), δ : 0.84 (t, 6 H, Me, $J = 6.6$ Hz); 1.13–1.44 (m, 44 H, CH_2); 1.52–1.75 (m, 4 H, OCH_2CH_2); 1.82–2.04 (m, 8 H, $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CHCH}_2$); 4.01 (dd, 4 H, OCH_2 , $J = 7.3$ Hz, $J = 14.2$ Hz); 5.16–5.41 (m, 4 H, $\text{CH}=\text{CH}$); 6.74 (d, 1 H, H–P, $J_{\text{P,H}} = 692.4$ Hz). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3), δ : 14.1, 22.6, 25.5, 27.1, 27.2, 29.0, 29.1, 29.3, 29.4, 29.5, 29.7, 29.7, 30.3, 30.4, 31.9, 65.7, 129.7, 129.9. ^{31}P NMR (CDCl_3), δ : 7.65.

Compounds 8a,d,f (general procedure). A mixture of coumarin **5** (1 equiv.), DIPEA (7 equiv.), DMAP (0.3 equiv.), and CCl_4 was dissolved in MeCN– CHCl_3 (1 : 1) at –10 °C under argon. Then diethyl phosphite (5 equiv.) was added dropwise and the reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was washed with 2 *M* KH_2PO_4 , extracted with ethyl acetate, the organic layer was washed with water, brine, dried with anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , and the solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, elution with petroleum ether–ethyl acetate, 2 : 1).

Diethyl[2-methoxy-5-(2-oxochromen-4-yl)phenyl]phosphate (8a) was synthesized from compound **5a** (89 mg, 0.332 mmol), diethyl phosphite (968 mg, 1.66 mmol), DIPEA (300 mg, 2.324 mmol), DMAP (12 mg, 0.01 mmol), CCl_4 (0.75 mL), MeCN (0.75 mL), and CHCl_3 (0.75 mL) in a yield of 189 mg (67%), yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3), δ : 0.87 (t, 6 H, Me(Oleyl), $J = 6.8$ Hz); 1.17–1.45 (m, 44 H, CH_2 (Oleyl)); 1.64–1.76 (m, 4 H, OCH_2CH_2); 1.92–2.07 (m, 8 H, $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CHCH}_2$); 3.95 (s, 3 H, OMe); 4.12–4.24 (m, 4 H, OMe); 5.27–5.42 (m, 4 H, $\text{CH}=\text{CH}$); 6.36 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 7.08 (d, 1 H, H(5'), $J = 8.5$ Hz); 7.21–7.30 (m, 2 H, H(6), H(8)); 7.39–7.42 (m, 2 H, H(7), H(6')); 7.51–7.61 (m, 2 H, H(2'), H(5)). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3), δ : 14.25, 22.81, 25.56, 27.34 (d, $J = 3.5$ Hz); 29.00–30.03 (m); 30.34, 30.41, 32.04, 32.73 (d, $J = 2.9$ Hz); 56.26, 68.87 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz); 113.00, 115.14, 117.52, 118.95, 121.98 (d, $J = 2.8$ Hz); 127.73 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz); 124.37, 126.17, 127.04, 129.87, 130.13, 132.07, 140.22, 152.16, 154.38 (d, $J = 4.0$ Hz); 160.83. ^{31}P NMR (CDCl_3), δ : –5.7.

Diethyl[2-methoxy-5-(5-methoxy-2-oxochromen-4-yl)-phenyl]phosphate (8d) was synthesized from compound **5d**

(44 mg, 0.148 mmol), dioleoyl phosphite (431 mg, 0.74 mmol), DIPEA (134 mg, 1.036 mmol), DMAP (5.4 mg, 0.044 mmol), CCl₄ (0.3 mL), MeCN (0.3 mL), and CHCl₃ (0.3 mL) in a yield of 79 mg (61%), yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 0.87 (t, 6 H, Me(Oleyl), *J* = 6.8 Hz); 1.18–1.43 (m, 44 H, CH₂(Oleyl)); 1.68 (dt, 4 H, OCH₂CH₂, *J* = 13.7 Hz, *J* = 6.8 Hz); 1.91–2.07 (m, 8 H, CH₂CH=CHCH₂); 3.56, 3.92 (both s, 3 H each, OMe); 4.09–4.22 (m, 4 H, OCH₂); 5.27–5.41 (m, 4 H, CH=CH); 6.16 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 6.68 (d, 1 H, H(6), *J* = 8.3 Hz); 6.95 (d, 1 H, H(8), *J* = 8.3 Hz); 7.00 (d, 1 H, H(5'), *J* = 8.4 Hz); 7.09 (dd, 1 H, H(6'), *J* = 8.4 Hz, *J* = 1.7 Hz); 7.22 (s, 1 H, H(2')); 7.45 (t, 1 H, H(7), *J* = 8.3 Hz). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 14.26, 22.82, 25.59, 27.34 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz); 29.28–29.90 (m); 30.34, 30.41, 32.04, 55.89, 56.12, 68.71 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz); 106.70, 110.04, 111.59, 116.25, 121.33 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz); 124.49, 129.87, 130.13, 132.51, 139.07 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz); 150.89 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz); 154.19, 155.59, 157.45, 160.54. ³¹P NMR (CDCl₃), δ: –5.77.

Dioleoyl[2-methoxy-5-(5,6,7-trimethoxy-2-oxochromen-4-yl)phenyl]phosphate (8f) was synthesized from compound **5f** (53 mg, 0.148 mmol), dioleoyl phosphite (431 mg, 0.74 mmol), DIPEA (134 mg, 1.036 mmol), DMAP (5.4 mg, 0.044 mmol), CCl₄ (0.3 mL), MeCN (0.3 mL), and CHCl₃ (0.3 mL) in a yield of 96 mg (69%), yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 0.87 (t, 6 H, Me(Oleyl), *J* = 6.8 Hz); 1.14–1.45 (m, 44 H, CH₂(Oleyl)); 1.68 (dt, 4 H, OCH₂CH₂, *J* = 14.1 Hz, *J* = 6.9 Hz); 1.93–2.04 (m, 8 H, CH₂CH=CHCH₂); 3.33, 3.79, 3.91, 3.93 (all s, 3 H each, OMe); 4.11–4.21 (m, 4 H, OCH₂); 5.27–5.40 (m, 4 H, CH=CH); 6.04 (s, 1 H, H(3)); 6.70 (s, 1 H, H(8)); 6.96 (d, 1 H, H(5'), *J* = 8.4 Hz); 7.11 (dd, 1 H, H(6'), *J* = 8.4 Hz, *J* = 2.0 Hz); 7.28 (s, 1 H, H(2')). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃), δ: 14.24, 22.81, 25.57, 27.33 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz); 29.01–30.08 (m); 30.33, 30.40, 32.03, 56.15, 56.38, 61.23 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz); 68.75 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz); 96.40, 107.25, 111.70, 114.41, 121.11 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz); 124.93, 129.87, 130.11, 131.54, 151.21, 151.83, 154.18, 157.02, 160.68. ³¹P NMR (CDCl₃), δ: –5.80.

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